

TradeMark Wholesale

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Client Ref. : -

Report No. : G13170AC130015(1)

1 Reference instrument

Name	Type	Serial Number
Hand-held analyzer	B & K 2270	2664200
1/2" Free-field microphone	B & K 4189	02662994 02663055
Omnipower omnidirectional sound source	B & K 4292	024010
Power amplifier	B & K 2716	2667548
Sound level calibrator	B & K 4231	02671619
Temperature & humidity data logger	testo 174H	36616834 36615789

2 Environment condition

	Source Reverberation Room	Receiving Reverberation Room
Temperature	24.4°C	24.5°C
Relative humidity	85.2%	88.8%

3 Description of test specimen (Information supplied by client)

- 3.1 The test specimen is MDF sound rated access panel of total thickness 28 mm, which consists of 0.8 mm thick finger print proof galvanized steel frame and 16 mm thick MDF timber board of density 725 kg/m³ with felt cover on back for panel.

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3.2 Dimension used to calculate sound reduction index: 600 mm × 600 mm.

3.3 Rubber sealing strip is sealed around the gap between the frame and the panel.

3.4 Details of installation

3.4.1 In order to ensure that the flanking path transmitted sound as little as possible, 240 mm thick brick with density of 1700 kg/m³, on both side which about 15 mm thick plaster was plastered, was used as filler wall.

3.4.2 Then the panel was installed. In order to get better airproof, sealant was caulked around the gap between the frame and filler wall after the panel installed.

3.4.3 The felt cover surface which was more absorbent faced to the source room.

The details of the tested unit are referring to the drawings and photoes given in Appendix .

4 Principle and procedure

4.1 Principle

The test specimen is placed in an opening between two adjacent reverberation rooms. Random noise is introduced into the source room and part of the sound energy is transmitted through the test specimen into the receiving room. In each one-third octave band of centre frequency 100 to 5000 Hz, the resulting average sound pressure levels in the source room and receiving room are L_1 and L_2 , respectively. The sound reduction index is evaluated

$$\text{from } R = D + 10 \lg \frac{S}{A} = L_1 - L_2 + 10 \lg \frac{S}{A} \text{ dB}$$

where

D is the level difference, dB;

S is the area of the test specimen, m²;

A is the equivalent sound absorption area in the receiving room, m²;

$A = \frac{0.16V}{T}$ V is the receiving room volume, m³;
 T is the reverberation time in the receiving room, s.

The weighted sound reduction index R_w is determined from the value R in the 1/3 octave band with centre frequency 100 to 3150 Hz, following the procedure given in AS/NZS 1276.1.

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4.2 Procedures

4.2.1 A calibration was checked on the frequency analyzer with reference calibrator before the measurement.

4.2.2 A high power steady sound source, with a continuous spectrum in the frequency bands of interest, was generated in the source room and to ensure the transmitted sound level in the receiving room was at least 6 dB above the background noise level at all frequencies. Loudspeaker and microphone positions were chosen according to standard requirements. Measurements were taken for two loudspeaker positions. For each loudspeaker position, at least five microphone positions were chosen in the source and receiving room. The level difference D as per defined in the standard was then calculated.

4.2.3 Then the loudspeaker was moved to receiving room to measure the reverberation time in accordance with AS 1045. Two loudspeaker positions, for each loudspeaker position, three microphone positions with five readings in each were used.

4.2.4 A calibration was checked on the frequency analyzer with reference calibrator after the measurement. If the deviation of the calibration from before and after measurement was less than 0.5 dB, then the measured result was claimed valid.

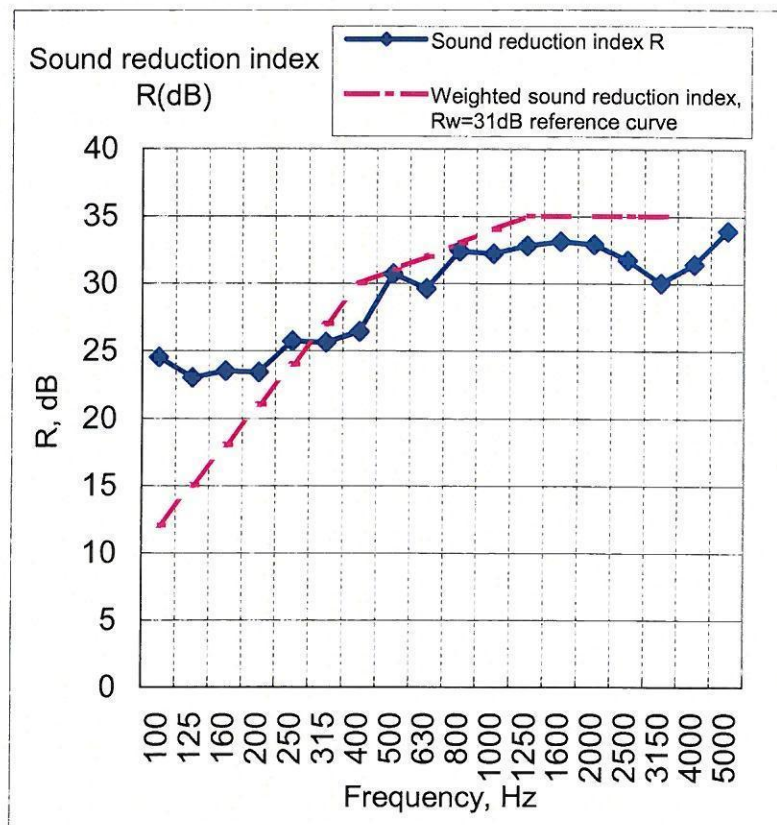
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5 Results

Laboratory measurements of airborne sound insulation of building elements

Area of test specimen: 0.36 m² Key
 Source room volume: 272.5 m³ R Sound reduction index, in dB
 Receiving room volume: 151.3 m³ f frequency, in Hz

Frequency f (Hz)	R (1/3 octave) (dB)
100	24.5
125	23.0
160	23.5
200	23.4
250	25.7
315	25.6
400	26.4
500	30.7
630	29.6
800	32.4
1000	32.2
1250	32.8
1600	33.1
2000	32.9
2500	31.7
3150	30.0
4000	31.4
5000	33.9



The test results are validated only related to the sample submitted.

Rating according to AS/NZS 1276.1.

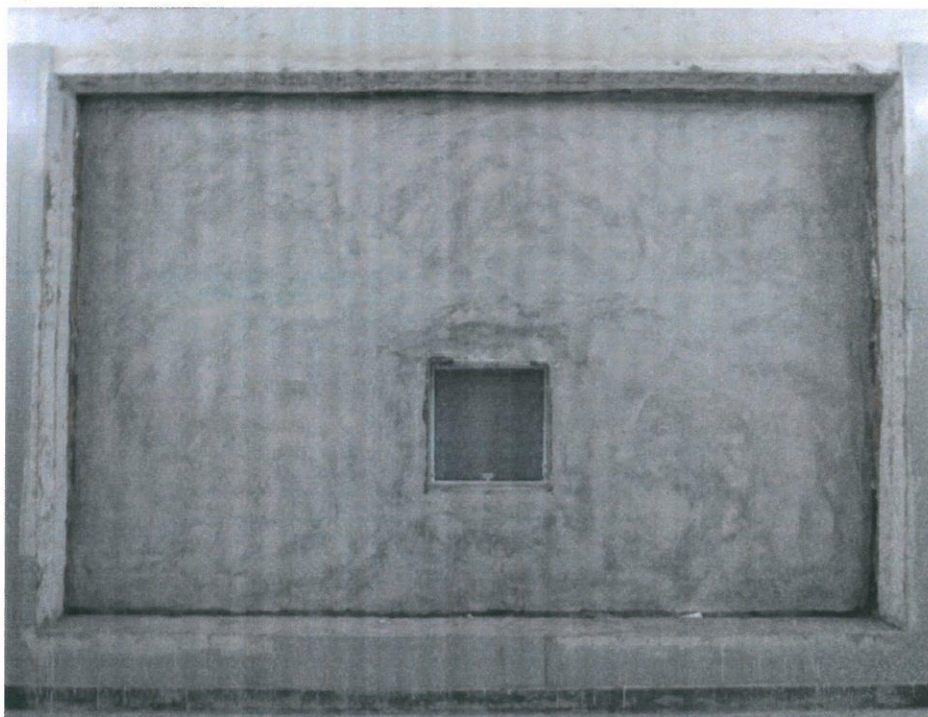
$R_w (C, C_{tr}) = 31 (0, -1)$ dB

Evaluation based on laboratory measurement results obtained by an engineering method.

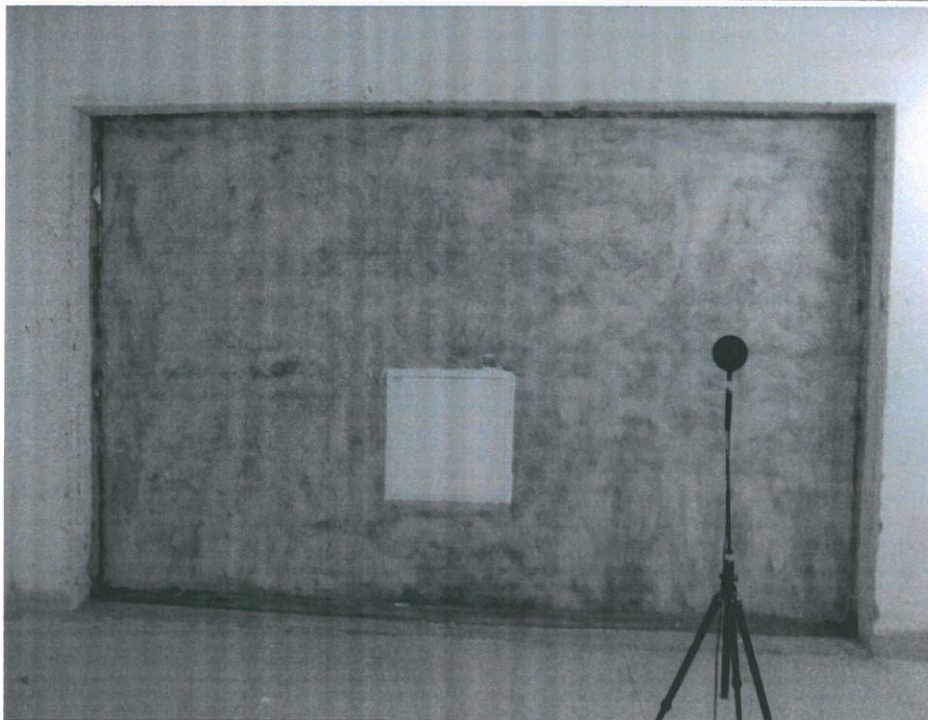
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Appendix 2: Photographic records

Source room side



Receiving room side



** End of report **